Iowa. These operations include outpatient offices in 16 counties, a prevention unit, employee assistance program for regional businesses and industries, a residential treatment program, and a detoxification unit.

Sadly, Art will soon be leaving the great State of Iowa, but he will be continuing the good fight against addiction and abuse. Barbara and I want to extend our gratitude for all the years of service and for the positive impact on all the lives Art has had throughout his remarkable career. We wish Art all the best in his future endeavors.

125TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE FOUNDING OF TULARE, SOUTH DAKOTA

• Mr. JOHNSON. Mr. President, today I pay tribute to the 125th anniversary of the founding of the community of Tulare, SD. After 125 years, this progressive community will have a chance to reflect on its past and future, and I congratulate the people of Tulare for all they have accomplished.

Tulare is located in northeast South Dakota, within Spink County on Highway 281. Originally plotted by Charles Prior in 1883, the town quickly grew as an important railroad supply station. There is some disagreement about the naming of Tulare, which tends to follow three different stories. The first story tells that when riding the train to Tulare. Mr. Prior encountered two men entertaining the passengers with tall tales. He was so amused by the time he reached his destination, he decided to call the town site "Tulare" after the "two liars." The second story claims the town was named after the "Tulle" weed that grows in the swamps, and the third story names the city after a Native America chief.

Today, Tulare has come a long way from its days as a railroad supply center. The town now boasts a variety of businesses, including those in both the service and manufacturing sectors. Coupling with those parts of the economy are the rich natural resources including the plentiful pheasant population which further aids in the prosperity of this community. The town also continues their long tradition of high standards in education that began here with the first 4-year high school and continues to thrive as the Hitchcock-Tulare School District.

Tulare has become a credit to Spink County and the State of South Dakota. The people of Tulare will celebrate their achievements June 20–22, 2008, with a basketball tournament, parade, car and quilt show, and street dance. I am proud to join with the community members of Tulare in celebrating the last 125 years and look forward to a promising future.

125TH ANNIVERSARY OF CANOVA, SOUTH DAKOTA

• Mr. JOHNSON. Mr. President, today I recognize the community of Canova,

SD, on reaching the 125th anniversary of its founding. Canova is a rural community located in Miner County, and will be celebrating its quasquicentennial the weekend of July 4–6.

The combination of the Homestead Act of 1862, the opening of Government lands, and the influx of railroads through the State all added greatly to the development of Canova in the 19th century. L.W. Aldrich and H.W. Eddy, both from Watertown, NY, bought the land around Canova, while F.D. Woodbury registered Canova as a town in 1883.

The town of Canova was built on the pillars of farming, faith, and baseball, boasting 8 State titles and 11 runner-up finishes. These activities serve to bring this close-knit community even closer together. While the school has since closed, it did bring about the birth of the Canova Alumni and the promotion of community health with the CARE Center.

Most South Dakotans call small towns like Canova home. South Dakota's small communities are the bedrock of our economy and vital to the future of our State. It is especially because of our small communities, and the feelings of loyalty and familiarity that they engender, that I am proud to call South Dakota home. Towns like Canova and its citizens are no different and truly know what it means to be South Dakotan. Even 125 years after its founding. Canova continues to be a vibrant addition to our wonderful State, and I once again congratulate them on this achievement.

125TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE FOUNDING OF WILLOW LAKE, SOUTH DAKOTA

• Mr. JOHNSON. Mr. President, today I pay tribute to the 125th anniversary of the founding of the community of Willow Lake, SD. After 125 years, this progressive community will have a chance to reflect on its past and future, and I congratulate the people of Willow Lake for all they have accomplished.

Willow Lake, located in Clark County, was originally plotted on the northeast corner of the lake in 1883. When the Manitoba Railroad was surveyed to come about 2 miles south of the city. the decision was made to move the town to its present location. Willow Lake grew with the evolution of the Manitoba Railroad to the Great Northern in 1890. A tornado and several fires swept through the town during the turn of the 20th century, destroying most of the primarily wooden structures. Shortly thereafter, the town fathers mandated that all Main Street buildings were to be made of brick to withstand the elements of eastern South Dakota.

Today, Willow Lake has come a long way from the days of railroad commerce. The town now boasts a variety of businesses in both the service and manufacturing sectors, including a grain elevator, multiple construction companies, and a K-12 public school. The people of Willow Lake will celebrate their achievements July 4-6, 2008, with a rodeo, car show, fireworks display, and parade as well as an all school reunion which, as reported by Paul Harvey, is held each and every year.

Willow Lake is a credit to Clark County and to the State of South Dakota. I am proud to join with the community members of Willow Lake in celebrating the last 125 years, and looking forward to a promising future.

CONGRATULATING THE SNACKS 4 EDUCATION TEAM

• Mr. LUGAR. Mr. President, I am pleased to join the friends and families of four remarkable young Hoosiers in congratulating their team's success in the eCybermission science, math, and technology competition for sixth through ninth graders sponsored by the U.S. Army.

Having won the ninth grade Northwest Regional Competition, the Fort Wayne-based "Snacks 4 Education" team of Allie Dembar, Andrew Reichle, Amelia Roebuck, and Darcy Whitney will now face three other teams in the National Competition to be held in Washington, DC, on June 24. These four students have shown considerable insight and leadership in the execution of their project promoting proper schooltime nutrition. The team is led by adviser, Larry Lesh.

Each member should be proud of their accomplishments. I am especially grateful for their advocacy and the effort these young leaders have put forth to demonstrate the benefits of proper nutrition and healthy snacks on classroom education.

I hope you will join me in offering congratulations to all the participants in this year's eCybermission competition and best wishes to the many finalists.

I ask to have the following statement further detailing the "Snacks 4 Education" project printed in the RECORD. The material follows.

(By the members of Snacks 4 Education)

In American schools today, many students arrive ill-prepared to learn at their full potential. There are a multitude of reasons for this, including not getting enough rest, not cating a nourishing breakfast, and not coming from a home that values education. As a result, these students in particular, and probably all students, have a time during the school day when they experience a low energy point. Our team of four students, after noticing the same problem in our own schools, hypothesized that having a healthy snack at or near this low energy time would help students to be more alert, more energetic, and better able to concentrate.

For our project, the team experimented in eleven classrooms in four schools, covering each grade from one through six. The experiments were run during three separate time periods. The team first had to determine the low energy time of the class. This was accomplished by asking the students through a questionnaire, or by allowing the teacher to make the decision, or by a combination of these two methods. In two of the experiments, snacks approved by the Fort Wayne

Community Schools' Nutrition Services were given each day at the low energy time. Then for two weeks, snacks were not given. In one case, the experiment ran for eight weeks, having two weeks with snacks, then two weeks without, then two with, and finishing with two weeks without.

In each experimental snack week, dry snacks were given on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday. Fruit snacks were given on Tuesday and Thursday. The dry snacks were packages of teddy grahams, pretzels, and animal crackers. Fruit snacks varied and included small packages of sliced apples, grapes, or oranges. The dry snack servings all contained around 125 calories and were determined to be of healthy content by a registered dietitian.

Questionnaires were given to the students on each Friday of the experimental weeks. On the final week evaluation, two extra questions were asked. The first question asked whether the students did better in their schoolwork during the weeks they had a snack each day. The second question asked how they felt after having a daily snack. In grade 1, 84 percent thought they did better on their schoolwork, and 70 percent said they felt better after having a snack. In grade 2, the results were 60 percent and 70 percent. In grade 3, 84 percent and 70 percent. In grade 4, 88 percent and 78 percent. In grade 5, 84 percent and 86 percent. In grade 6, 86 percent and 91 percent.

For overall results from all eleven classrooms in all six grades, the actual number of answers were used instead of averaging percents, as not the same number of students participated in each grade. Overall, 81 percent of the students said that while they were having snacks they thought they did better on their schoolwork and 82% said they felt better after having a snack.

Following our research, we were involved in discussions with the Indiana Parent Teacher Association, which passed a resolution urging its members to support the concept of healthy snacks in schools. That resolution will be considered at the national PTA convention next year.

TRIBUTE TO BRYAN JOHNSTON

• Mr. SMITH. Mr. President, former Oregon Governor Tom McCall once said, "Heroes are not giant statues framed against a red sky. They are individuals who say, 'This is my community, and it is my responsibility to make it better."

Today I pay tribute to Bryan Johnston, a true Oregon hero, who devoted much of his life and career to making Oregon and our State capital city of Salem a better place in which to live, work, and raise a family.

Like countless others in Oregon, I was shocked and saddened to learn that Bryan passed away last week at the far too early age of 59 years. Bryan's passing deprives my State of one of her most respected, admired and effective public servants; it deprives St. Martin's University in Lacey, WA, of a gifted leader, as Bryan was scheduled to begin his service of president of that university on July 1; it deprives many in Oregon, including myself, of a trusted friend and advisor; and it deprives his wife Anne and their four children of a loving and dedicated husband and father

During his years in Salem, Bryan served in a remarkable number of

roles, including: lawyer; professional mediator; Law professor; director of the Center for Dispute Resolution at Willamette University College of Law; dean of the Willamette University Atkinson Graduate School of Management; interim president of Willamette University; Oregon State Representative; and interim director of the Oregon Department of Human Services Children, Adults and Families Division. As the Salem Statesman-Journal so aptly put it, "Bryan Johnston was Mr. Fix-it for colleges, for state government, and for the Salem-area community.'

The tributes that have been pouring in since Bryan's passing speak volumes of the impact this gentle and gifted visionary made in so many ways.

Salem business and community leader Dick Withnell said: "He was so wise. He could grasp a tough situation and see what should be done and then be collaborative with people to accomplish it. That's a real gift."

State Senate President Peter Courtney said: "Bryan was a great mediator and facilitator. He was a very, very versatile individual in the area of education and public service. Those are maybe two of the highest callings you can aspire to, if you're chosen; and he was chosen time and again."

Department of Human Services Director Bruce Goldberg stated: "Bryan was a trusted advisor and friend, who brought wisdom, humor, and kindness into all of our lives."

Perhaps the best tribute to Bryan was paid by my friend John Watt, who served with Bryan in the Oregon State House of Representatives. Said John: "One of the things that has always stuck with me about Bryan is that he truly was doing the work for Oregon. I mean, he wasn't somebody who was after kudos for himself. He didn't necessarily walk lockstep with his caucus. He was always willing to talk and work with people."

Bryan Johnston talked and worked with people, and because of that, he leaves behind a remarkable legacy of accomplishment and service. Indeed, I am reminded of the words of Mother Teresa, who said: "God does not call us to be successful. God calls us to be faithful."

By any account, Bryan Johnston led a successful life. But I know that more important to him was the fact that he led a faithful life. He was a faithful educator, legislator and public official. He was a faithful husband, and friend. He was a faithful servant of God. May God bless Bryan Johnston.

REPORT ON THE CONTINUATION OF THE NATIONAL EMERGENCY THAT WAS ORIGINALLY DECLARED IN EXECUTIVE ORDER 13405 OF JUNE 16, 2006, WITH RESPECT TO BELARUS, AS RECEIVED DURING ADJOURNMENT OF THE SENATE ON JUNE 6, 2008—PM 51

The PRESIDING OFFICER laid before the Senate the following message from the President of the United States, together with an accompanying report; which was referred to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs:

To the Congress of the United States:

Section 202(d) of the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1622(d)) provides for the automatic termination of a national emergency unless, prior to the anniversary date of its declaration, the President publishes in the Federal Register and transmits to the Congress a notice stating that the emergency is to continue in effect beyond the anniversary date. In accordance with this provision, I have sent to the Federal Register for publication the enclosed notice stating that the national emergency and related measures blocking the property of certain persons undermining democratic processes or institutions in Belarus are to continue in effect beyond June 16, 2008.

The actions and policies of certain members of the Government of Belarus and other persons pose a continuing unusual and extraordinary threat to the national security and foreign policy of the United States. These actions include undermining democratic processes or institutions; committing human rights abuses related to political repression, including detentions and disappearances; and engaging in public corruption, including by diverting or misusing Belarusian public assets or by misusing public authority. For these reasons, I have determined that it is necessary to continue the national emergency and related measures blocking the property of certain persons undermining democratic processes or institutions in Belarus.

GEORGE W. BUSH. THE WHITE HOUSE, June 6, 2008.

MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE

ENROLLED BILL SIGNED

At 3:17 p.m., a message from the House of Representatives, delivered by Ms. Niland, one of its reading clerks, announced that the Speaker has signed the following enrolled bill:

S. 2420. An act to encourage the donation of excess food to nonprofit organizations that provide assistance to food-insecure people in the United States in contracts entered into by executive agencies for the provision, service, or sale of food.

Pursuant to the order of June 4, 2008, the enrolled bill was subsequently signed by the Acting President protempore (Mr. REID).